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CONCLUSIONS OF SPECIAL USIB SUBCOMMITTEE ON BERLIN SITUATION*

Period Covered:

20 September through 17 October 1961

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Ulbricht's

6 October statement suggested as one possible formulation that East German association with a Berlin settlement could be in the form of a unilateral declaration rather than full participation in a Four-Power accord. He reiterated the concept that a separate bloc treaty would be open to West German accession.

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^{*} These conclusions were approved by USIB at its meeting on 19 October 1961.

The Bloc may be considering a truncated version of a peace treaty, either excluding or reserving some military provisions. The possibility of an abbreviated treaty together with the renewed emphasis on European security and partial disarmament measures suggests that the bloc position on West German rearmament is not inflexible and Moscow may hope to achieve restrictions on German armaments in future East-West talks rather than in a peace treaty settlement. On two points—the demand to change Berlin's status and obtain some form of recognition for East German frontiers—the Soviets have maintained a more rigid stand. Gromyko's proposal for a time limit on retention of Western forces in Berlin was also more severe than Moscow's previous proposals on Berlin.

- 2. There have been a series of clashes on the sector borders between East and West Berlin police, incidents involving allied patrols in East Berlin and interference with Western access to West Berlin. While these incidents appear more as isolated actions resulting from the existing situation rather than representing a plan of calculated provocation they are being used to establish a pattern of Western acquiescence to East German control.
- 3. Since our last report, the East German regime despite vigorous and ruthless measures has been unable to prevent manifestations of popular hostility and discontent. There have been a variety of minor anti-regime incidents. Although the top leadership of the East German regime still seems confident

of its ability to control the situation, the lower echelon of party workers who are in daily contact with the population does not seem to be acting with the same confidence. While strikes and even serious local demonstrations remain possible, the regime backed by Soviet troops is prepared to and is capable of taking whatever actions are necessary to prevent them from developing into popular revolt. Refugee escapes to West Berlin and West Germany continue and from 1-10 October averaged 33 per day to West Berlin.

4. Since 13 August there has been some increase in the number of West Berliners leaving for West Germany. This emigration will probably continue, but it is not likely to reach "panic" proportions unless the population considers the Western position is weakening. Over-all business conditions are generally good with no signs of a reduction in industrial orders. For the present, West Berlin businessmen are taking a "wait and see" attitude, but show increasing signs of nervousness and uncertainty about the long-range future.

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